The following table shows the electric light companies registered under the Electric Light Inspection Act, by provinces, during the years ended June 30, 1903 and 1904:—

Provinces.	1903.			1904.		
	Companies.	Number of Lamps.		nies.	Number of Lamps.	
		Arc.	Incan- descent.	Companies	Arc.	Incan- descent.
OntarioQuebec	202 53	8,424 3,853		205 58	8,203 4,456	
Nova Scotia Prince Edward Island	24 3	450 99		26 3	508 100	
New Brunswick	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 7 \end{array}$	718	24,403	13	630	29,421
ManitobaBritish Columbia	18 5	373 834		9 20	$\frac{110}{2,595}$	
N. W. Territories	5	29	6,677	6	53	13,190
Total	324	14,780	1,212,681	340	16,655	1,401,879

Note.—One are light is estimated to be equal to ten incandescents.

## MILITIA.

By the Union Act, 1867, the command in chief of all naval and military forces of and in Canada is vested in the King, and the control of the same is placed in the Parliament of Canada.

At Confederation the Parliament of Canada established a Department of Militia and Defence, the first Minister being Sir George E. Cartier. The first Militia Act was passed in 1868, 31 Vic., Chap. 40, in accordance with the provisions of the fifteenth section of the Union Act, 1867.

The following is a statement of the regimental establishments of the permanent and active militia for the year 1905:—

## PERMANENT CORPS.

Regiments of.	Officers.	Warrant Officers.	Staff Sergeants and Sergeants.	Rank and File.	Total.	Horses.
Royal Canadian Dragoons Royal Canadian Mounted Rifles	10	1	18 11	80	109 61	80 41
Royal Canadian Artillery— R.C.F.A	14	2	36	210	262	105
Garrison.	13	2	27	183	225	7
Canadian Engineer Corps	7		13	112	132	
Army Service Corps Royal Canadian Regiment of In-	1	1		4	6	
fantry	26	5	60	323	414	7
Ordnance Store Corps	20	14	38	34	106	
Intelligence Department	8		$\frac{3}{2}$	8	11 10	16
Total	106	26	208	996	1,336	256